



## TAFT ELECTED PRESIDENT; BRYAN IS AGAIN DEFEATED

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE WILL HAVE AT LEAST 300 VOTES IN THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

## REPUBLICANS SCORE VICTORY IN NEW YORK

OHIO, ILLINOIS AND NEW JERSEY ARE IN THE REPUBLICAN COLUMN—REPUBLICANS WILL HAVE A MAJORITY IN THE NATIONAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

New York, Nov. 4.—While the election of William H. Taft as president by a large majority of the electoral vote was an absolute certainty Wednesday, the result was so close in Maryland and West Virginia as to center attention upon those states. The latest returns during the forenoon indicated that Bryan had carried West Virginia and Maryland by small pluralities.

Wednesday's returns showed also that Bryan had won over his own state of Nebraska and that state had elected a Democratic governor. Although Taft carried Indiana, Ohio and probably Montana, all three of those states appear to have elected Democratic governors, Judge Harmon apparently winning in Ohio and Thomas R. Marshall in Indiana.

On the other hand, while Bryan carried Missouri by a safe margin, the election of Herbert S. Hadley, the Republican candidate for governor, was indicated.

At 11 o'clock it was certain that the Republicans will control the next house of representatives.

Practically no change is indicated in the complexion of the national house of representatives.

The United States senate will retain its present Republican majority.

Gov. Charles E. Hughes has been re-elected in New York state by about 75,000 plurality.

Indiana has gone for Taft. Bryan has apparently carried Nebraska.

Judge Taft has a majority in the city of New York, the first time the big city has given its vote to a Republican presidential candidate.

The Republican pluralities fell off heavily in the middle west in a manner surprising to the Republican managers.

Speaker Cannon has been re-elected by his usual majority.

Representatives Payne of New York and Daisell of Pennsylvania have been re-elected and the house of representatives probably will continue under its old regime. Mr. Payne will have charge of the new tariff bill in the extra session, which Mr. Taft will call immediately after March 5 next.

for Mr. Taft, especially in Brooklyn completely eclipsed the most sanguine hopes of the Republicans. Gov. Hughes was cut heavily upon the state, but not so deeply as to imperil his election once the drift in his favor "below the Bronx" had begun to make itself felt.

Some of the figures relating to the Republican slump in states regarded as certainly Republican are little short of amazing. Pennsylvania's immense plurality of over 500,000 four years ago has been cut in two. Illinois, which gave Roosevelt 395,000 in 1904, has gone for Taft by about 170,000. The highest claim of the Republicans for Indiana is 15,000, as against a plurality of 95,000 in 1904.

Iowa, which gave Mr. Roosevelt 158,000 plurality in 1904, has dropped down to about 40,000 for Taft. The return of Missouri to the Democracy on the presidential ticket wiped out a Republican plurality of 25,000 four years ago.

New York and New Jersey were striking exceptions to the generally reduced Republican pluralities.

There has been a shrinkage of the Democratic vote in several of the southern states, notably in Virginia and North Carolina.

Mr. Taft has carried Wisconsin by a plurality estimated at 50,000, a falling off from the Roosevelt plurality of 150,000 in 1904.

Kentucky has gone safely for Mr. Bryan by about 15,000.

Representative W. S. Cowherd has been elected governor of Missouri over Hadley, Republican, by about 20,000.

Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota has probably been elected governor of that state for a third term, although the state has gone safely for Mr. Taft.

**CONGRESS.**—Up to 11 o'clock Tuesday night definite reports have been received from 207 congressional districts out of a total of 391. Of these 119 showed the election of Republicans and 88 the election of Democrats. In the entire list there were only two changes in political complexion, and both were favorable to the Republicans. The Democrats lost the Eleventh Pennsylvania to the Republican nominee, Henry W. Palmer, who defeated John Bigelow and thus became the successor to Mr. Latham the present Democratic member.

The Republicans also regained the Third Wisconsin district, which was lost to Joseph W. Babcock two years ago. Mr. Babcock was defeated by James W. Murphy, and Mr. Murphy now appears to have gone down before Arthur J. Kopp, the Republican nominee.

Comparatively few of the districts which were close in 1906 have been heard from, but so far as reports have been received, they indicate that both parties are generally holding their own. It seems quite certain that the Republicans will again control the house, and so far as there are any indications they point to a somewhat increased Republican majority in that body.

**CANNON IS RE-ELECTED.**—Danville, Ill.—Joseph C. Cannon was re-elected to congress from the Eighteenth Illinois district by a plurality considerably above the normal.

Returns are incomplete, but enough figures have been obtained to show that he will probably have a plurality of at least 10,000. The result was a surprise even to the friends of Mr. Cannon.

The fight made against him by various church organizations, the Anti-Saloon league and organized labor, coupled with the fact that the Democrats had for the first time since 1863 a complete organization in this district, led the Republicans to believe that Cannon's plurality would not be over 3,000. In the heaviest union labor precincts, however, Cannon received as large a vote as he ever received before and in some of them he made decided gains.

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**CONNECTICUT.**—New Haven.—The Republicans swept Connecticut in Tuesday's election fully as completely and perhaps a little more so, as four years ago, Taft carrying the state by more than 20,000 plurality and Congressman George L. Lilley, the Republican candidate for governor, going into office by about 15,000 plurality over Judge Richardson, his opponent. All the five congressmen are Republican by pluralities equal to those of two years ago. The entire Republican state ticket is elected as usual, while the general assembly is more strongly Republican than for a good many years.

**PENNSYLVANIA.**—Philadelphia.—At 1 a. m., with 18 counties still to hear from, the indications are that Taft has carried Pennsylvania by a plurality that will be nearer 400,000 than 300,000. The returns received show a considerable falling off in every county with the exception of two. The Republicans hold their own in the congressional districts if they do not increase their representation. There is practically no change in the Republican representation in the legislature. In Philadelphia the national ticket carried the city by about 125,000 plurality.

**MINNESOTA.**—St. Paul.—While Taft carried the state by probably 80,000, the governorship in Minnesota hangs in the balance, the result being so close that both Chairmen Day of the Democratic state committee and Brown of the Republican state committee claim the state by small majorities. Jacobson, Republican, made heavy gains in the country, and at Republican headquarters it was said that the Republican candidate will come into the Twin Cities with enough votes to offset whatever Gov. Johnson may get in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**—Columbia.—South Carolina will give Bryan 50,000 to 60,000 majority, while the state and congressional tickets are overwhelmingly Democratic. The Socialists and Independence league polled a very small vote.

**MASSACHUSETTS.**—Boston.—William H. Taft and Eben S. Draper, Republican candidate for governor, carried Massachusetts, the former by about 120,000 and the latter by about 60,000 in the light of returns from nearly three-quarters of the state. On the Massachusetts congressional delegation remained unchanged, 11 Republicans and 3 Democrats.

The Republicans also elected their state ticket and the usual majority of members of both branches of the legislature.

Taft ran far ahead of Draper in nearly every city and town in the state and just missed carrying Boston over Bryan, the margin in the city between the two principal candidates being 387 votes in a total of over 80,000. It was the closest presidential contest in Boston since 1896, when McKinley won the city. James H. Vahey, the Democratic candidate for governor, ran well ahead of Bryan in the state and defeated Draper in Boston by over 12,000.

**INDIANA.**—Indianapolis.—Early returns from the election in Indiana indicate that Taft carried the state by from 5,000 to 15,000 plurality. These returns are mostly from cities and towns, and later reports may increase his plurality.

Thomas R. Marshall, Democratic candidate for governor, at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday night was leading his Republican opponent, James E. Watson, by about 8,000 votes. The Republican state committee says the votes in the rural districts will overcome this lead. Indications are that the Democrats have gained one and possibly more congressmen from Indiana, Congressman Jesse Overstreet (Rep.) of the Seventh congressional district is running a close race with his Democratic opponent, Charles A. Korbly, and late at night had a slight lead. The legislature is in doubt.

**MISSOURI.**—St. Louis.—Missouri, which on Tuesday night had apparently gone Democratic by a large majority, is still in doubt on all but the national ticket and the plurality of 35,000 for Bryan, which was then indicated, has been cut by late returns so that it will not exceed 20,000. The Republican managers are confidently claiming that Attorney General Hadley has been elected governor over W. S. Cowherd, though the Democrats still claim that Cowherd is elected.

Herbert S. Hadley is leading William S. Cowherd by 15,042 votes for the governorship, according to incomplete returns from 49 counties, including Kansas City and the city of St. Louis. Principally the same precincts gave Stone a lead of 2,595 over Folk for the Democratic nomination for United States senator.

**NEBRASKA.**—Lincoln.—At 1:30 Wednesday morning indications were that Nebraska had gone Democratic by a plurality not far from 10,000 for Bryan and a plurality scarcely less for Sheldonberger, Democrat, for governor. The tremendous gain for Bryan in Lincoln was the wonder of the election. Not only did Mr. Bryan reverse a Republican plurality of 1,600 in his home city, but he carried it by a plurality in excess of 600.

**MARYLAND.**—Baltimore.—Fuller returns received

as to 10:30 o'clock indicate that Bryan slight Taft plurality has been wiped out and that Maryland has gone for Bryan. According to these figures Bryan leads by about 1,000, with the totals Bryan 101,402, Taft 100,339. In four counties the returns are incomplete. These are St. Mary's, Calvert, Dorchester and Frederick, but in each case only a few precincts remain to be heard from.

**KENTUCKY.**—Louisville.—Bryan's plurality in Kentucky 13,000; eight and possibly nine Democratic congressmen elected, a Republican loss of two seats; this is the probable story of the election in Kentucky at the close of a day which was marked by the polling of the largest vote in the history of the state.

**WEST VIRGINIA.**—Wheeling.—There is no official information up to 11 o'clock Wednesday on the West Virginia congressional situation. It is believed, however, that all five Republican congressmen have been elected, the Second district being very doubtful. Returns are coming in slowly and it will be some time before anything definite is known.

**OHIO.**—Cincinnati.—By not less than 50,000 plurality William H. Taft, Republican candidate for president, Tuesday was given the vote of his native state. Because of the immense ballot the counting of the vote was very slow and but few returns were received before midnight. From the start it was evident that Taft had won, but the figures were slow in coming. The variable count was that for governor, which at one time indicated that Harris (Rep.) had been elected, but when the morning came on Harmon (Dem.) had a clear lead that it did not seem possible to overcome even by the vote from the rural sections, where the Harris strength was supposed to be. Harmon's plurality early Wednesday seemed to exceed 10,000. However, the Republican leaders at that time still claimed the election of Harris, although no figures were given. Rural districts yet to be heard from.

The Democrats gained in the congressional delegation, securing one of the Cincinnati congressmen, although Nicholas Longworth (Rep.) won in his district. In the Third district a factional fight among the Republicans aided in the election of the Democratic candidate.

Returns so far in show that the Republicans gained a congressman in the Sixth district by the election of Jesse Taylor over Matt R. Denver, present Democratic member. The Republican claim is at least 16 members in the next Ohio congressional delegation.

**DELAWARE.**—Wilmington.—Republican State Chairman Dupont announced late Tuesday night that the plurality for Taft will be 3,000. The state ticket will have the same plurality with the exception of Davis for attorney general, who, he stated, will be elected by 2,400. All three counties of Delaware gave Republican pluralities and the next legislature will be Republican.

**VERMONT.**—White River Junction.—Complete returns from the state of Vermont give Taft 23,692; Bryan 11,688 and Hagen 719. Taft's plurality is 27,904. Four years ago Roosevelt had 40,677 and Parker 9,800, a Republican plurality of 30,877. The prohibition vote this year shows a gain for the entire state of 45 votes over four years ago.

**MAINE.**—Portland.—Maine gave Taft an estimated plurality of 31,500. John P. Swasey and Frank E. Guernsey, Republicans, were chosen in the Second and Fourth congressional districts, respectively, to fill short term vacancies.

**GEORGIA.**—Savannah.—Bryan has carried Georgia, but returns indicate a larger Taft and Watson vote than was generally expected. Of 4,565 votes in this (Chat ham) county 1,800 were for Taft.

**ARKANSAS.**—Little Rock.—Bryan carried Arkansas by a reduced majority, as a result of a heavy negro vote throughout the state. All Democratic congressmen were elected.

**ST. LOUIS.**—Taft carries Jefferson county by 2,000, Harris by 1,900. Hollingsworth, Republican, is elected in the Sixteenth district by 4,000. Duval, Republican for senate, and Gilson, Republican for representative, are elected. County ticket is elected.

**AKRON.**—A few unofficial returns from the county show slight Republican gains over 1905, indicating that the county has gone Republican for all of the candidates with a narrower margin for Harris than Taft. W. A. Thomas (Rep.) for congress is easily elected in the district. Republican candidates for senator probably are elected.

**CANTON.**—Early returns indicate that Taft has carried Stark county by about 4,000, a loss of 5,000 from 1904. Harris carries the county by 2,500, a gain over 1905 of 1,200. Ed T. Crawford of Carroll county is elected state senator by about 2,400 and W. S. Ruff and Harry Hill elected representatives by 2,000 each. The Republicans claim the election of the entire county ticket by pluralities ranging from 6,000 to 2,500.

**IOWA.**—Des Moines.—Incomplete returns indicate that Taft has carried Iowa by a plurality of from 40,000 to 50,000. This is a tremendous falling off from the Roosevelt plurality of 158,000 of four years ago, but it represents only a slight falling off from the normal plurality. The entire Republican state ticket is elected, probably by about the same plurality. Gov. A. B. Cummins probably carried the Republican senatorial primary over Maj. J. F. Lacey by a plurality of 40,000 to 50,000, a tremendous gain from last June, when Cummins was defeated by Allison by 11,000. The indications are that the entire delegation in congress will be Republican, a gain of one over two years ago.

**MICHIGAN.**—Detroit.—With Taft and Sherman carrying the state by a large majority, generally estimated at about 100,000, the successful candidate for governor of Michigan is not known. Returns from the state are slower than they have been for years. Lawton T. Hem-

ans, the Democratic candidate for governor, on the returns available at 1:30 o'clock, has an undisputed lead over Gov. F. M. Warner, but the Republican leaders assert that the late returns will overcome this lead.

**OKLAHOMA.**—Guthrie.—Oklahoma has continued loyal to the Democratic party, but the majority has been reduced materially, and Bryan's lead is estimated at 25,000. The five members of congress, four Democrats and one Republican, have been re-elected. The legislature is two-thirds Democratic, insuring the re-election of United States Senator Thomas P. Gore.

**NEW JERSEY.**—Trenton.—Revised returns up to midnight indicate that Taft's plurality in New Jersey will be between 65,000 and 75,000. In all the counties outside of Essex and Hudson the vote did not very greatly vary from the plurality given Mr. Roosevelt in 1904, when he carried the state by \$1,000.

**ILLINOIS.**—Chicago.—The Republican national state tickets gained a complete victory in Illinois, although the pluralities will probably fall short of those obtained by the party in the campaign of 1904. Taft has carried the state by approximately 170,000 votes, although it will be some time Thursday before the exact figures can be obtained. Charles S. Demene, Republican candidate for governor, ran far behind the national ticket, but has been elected by a plurality of about 100,000 over Adlai E. Stevenson, his Democratic opponent. Demene's greatest losses were suffered in Cook county, which is his home.

Chicago and Cook county gave a plurality to Taft of 50,000, against 126,000 for Roosevelt four years ago. Outside of Cook county the plurality for Taft is not far from 120,000. The plurality of President Roosevelt in 1904 was 304,339 for the state.

Stevenson, Democratic candidate for governor, carried Chicago by about 100,000. He lost heavily, however, in the state outside of Cook county.

The legislature, which is to select a successor to Senator Albert J. Hopkins, will be strongly Republican, and it is likely that Hopkins will be re-elected.

In Chicago a hot fight was waged over the office of state's attorney, but John E. W. Wayman, Republican, was elected by about 30,000.

The Socialist vote showed a considerable falling off from that of four years ago. Debs in 1904 received 69,225 votes. From the returns so far obtained it seems probable that he will not receive much over 40,000.

**FLORIDA.**—Jacksonville.—The election in Florida resulted in the usual Democratic majorities of from 18,000 to 20,000.

**BRYAN CONCEDES DEFEAT.**—Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 4.—William J. Bryan received at his home the returns which early told him that he had lost the third time he had been defeated in the greatest ambition of his life. Confident of victory to the very last he was not prepared to believe that his cause was lost until the pluralities of his Republican opponent piled up in such proportions as to leave no room for doubt. When the early returns came in, he made particular inquiries regarding the state of New York and found much encouragement in the gains he was making up state over the Democratic vote of 1904, but as the figures continued to be received, he relied on Greater New York to offset the heavy Taft vote above the Harlem river. Even in that he was bitterly disappointed and he soon realized that the state was hopelessly gone and with it his prospects of being elected.

**HITCHCOCK TALKS.**—New York.—At 10:30 o'clock Tuesday night Chairman Hitchcock of the Republican national committee met the newspaper representatives in his rooms at national headquarters and made the following statement:

"The returns speak for themselves. There seems to be no longer any doubtful states. The electoral vote will show that my estimate was correct. It looks now, I think, as if I must have underestimated it. The returns have exceeded my expectations. 'The plurality in Indiana will be less than I expected. That in Illinois is far more than anticipated. And so it goes. Where one state has not quite come up to the figures I had expected, some other state has gone far ahead. The latest returns from Maryland indicate that we have carried that state by about 8,000 to 10,000, and that is more

**WISCONSIN.**—Milwaukee.—Taft and Sherman have carried Wisconsin with a plurality estimated at 75,000, and Gov. Davidson (Rep.) has been re-elected by a plurality close to Taft's. The Republicans have elected nine out of 11 congressmen, the Democrats one, with the Fourth district in doubt. The legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican.

**IDAHO.**—Boise.—Meager reports showing only the trend of the voting indicate that Taft carries the state by 20,000 and the election of the entire Republican state ticket. Brady for governor should have 3,000 plurality on the basis of present indications. Legislature is in doubt.

**NORTH CAROLINA.**—Raleigh.—There will probably be a slight reduction from the Democratic majority of two years ago in the state. The majority probably will be about 40,000. In the Eighth and Tenth congressional districts indications are for Republican victory.

**MISSISSIPPI.**—Jackson.—The returns indicate that Bryan carried Mississippi by a majority of over 50,000. All eight Democratic nominees for congress were elected. The vote for Taft showed a slight increase over the Republican vote in the last presidential election.

**TENNESSEE.**—Nashville.—Incomplete returns from over the state indicate that Bryan will carry the state by the usual Democratic majority. The state Democratic ticket is also elected by a large vote. The congressional representation will be unchanged.

**LOUISIANA.**—New Orleans.—Bryan swept Louisiana, the returns indicating a majority of 40,000. All seven Democratic nominees for congress were elected. The constitutional amendment exempting mortgages from taxation is believed to have passed.

**TEXAS.**—Dallas.—Returns indicate the election of the entire Democratic ticket both state and national by the usual majority.

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than I believed it would give. "I predicted early in the evening that Gov. Hughes would be elected. To Mr. Hughes we owe much. As a campaigner he has helped wonderfully in the national contest. All of us here at headquarters were greatly interested in the fight. He has earned his victory and we are glad for him and grateful to him for the help he has given us." When Mr. Hitchcock was asked to what he attributed the victory of the national ticket he replied:

"I don't think any formal statement from me further than what I have said to you is necessary. I wish you all good night."

**PRIZE HOUSE MAID IS FOUND AT LAST.**—Housekeeper (to pleasant-faced girl at employment agency)—Have you any objection to the country?

Girl (politely)—None at all, madam.

Housekeeper—I have quite a large family.

Girl—The more the merrier.

Housekeeper—Seven children, two of them quite young.

Girl—I love little children.

Housekeeper—It will be necessary for you to bake bread, wash and get the meals. I attend to the pastry and chamber work myself.

Girl—I will also make the pastry and do the rest, if you will allow me.

Housekeeper—I cannot give you more than three afternoons off.

Girl—Two will be sufficient, perhaps more than I will want, as my plan is to give strict attention to my household duties, and thus get the work done up promptly, every day, so as to have plenty of opportunities to rest between times.

Housekeeper—I am delighted—Stranger (suddenly entering)—Sorry to interrupt you, madam, but you are conversing with one of my patients, who has just escaped from the hopelessly incurable lunatic asylum.—N. Y. Weekly.

**HOW IT APPEARED TO BOBBY.**—Mrs. Old Bryde (to her grandson)—There, Bobby, that was my grand-mamma!

Bobby—Ah! They had new grand-mas in those days, I suppose.—London Sketch.

**Just a Minute.**—Excuse us, just a minute here; We've heard the score And want to cheer.—Detroit Free Press.

**A Natural Inquiry.**—She—The man I marry must be handsome, witty, cultivated, courteous, kindly, considerate, and, above all, of high moral character.

He—in view of the fact that this is leap year, I find myself constrained to ask you if I am to regard your words in the light of a proposal?—Judge.

**Suspicious Conduct.**—Patron—The conductor on car No. 999 is the most agreeable street car conductor I ever saw. He is very polite.

Street Car Superintendent (alarmed)—Polite, is he? My gracious! He must be knocking down ten dollars a day.—N. Y. Weekly.

**Ingersoll dollar watches at Carpenter's.**

## The France Company, The Wooltex Specialty Store of Youngstown

A Great Capture of 400 Wooltex Coats and Suits. Bought at 65c on the Dollar.

Last week the manager of The France Company was called to Cleveland to make an offer on 1000 Wooltex Garments that are to be closed out for one reason and another. Some were house samples, some were road samples and some were made-up stock. Every garment representing the season's choicest styles and materials and every number worth 100 cents on the dollar. Our offer on 400 coats and suits at 65c on the dollar was accepted and will in turn be offered on the same basis. Commencing with Friday's sale, at 9 o'clock, standard. On no previous offer have you enjoyed such a notable saving for the prices asked would hardly be allowed for the cost of material and trimming. The France store has well earned the reputation of the "Store of Quality." Therefore, every garment must be worthy of this title which makes the offer of particular interest to the woman who wishes to be extra well dressed. The Wooltex label represents style and quality. Tomorrow's offering is on Wooltex styles which should prompt every interested purchaser to be present when the sale opens.

**Wooltex Suits, at this time, \$15.00, \$17.98, \$25.00,**